

THE WEEKLY ARIZONA MINER.

VOLUME V.

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA: SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 22, 1868.

NUMBER 34.

ARIZONA MINER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.
AT PRESCOTT, YAVAPAI COUNTY, ARIZONA.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One Copy, One Year, \$7.00
" " Six Months, 4.00
" " Three Months, 2.50
Single Copies, 25

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square, one time, \$3.00; each additional time, \$1.50. Each additional square, same rate. A liberal discount will be made to persons continuing the same advertisement for three, six, or twelve months.
Professional or business cards inserted upon reasonable terms.
Legal Tender Notes taken at par in payment for subscription, advertising and job work.

Terms, invariably in advance.

JOHN H. MARION, BENJ. H. WEAVER
Publishers and Proprietors.

Directory of Yavapai County.

District Judge, WM. F. TURNER.
Probate Judge, RICHARD BROOKS.
District Attorney, JOHN M. ROBERTSON.
Sheriff, A. J. MOORE.
County Recorder, JOHN H. BEHAN.
County Treasurer, WILLIAM COVEY.
Clerk of District Court, E. W. WELLS, JR.

TERMS OF COURTS:

District Court—First Monday in May, and Third Monday in October.
Probate Court—First Mondays in January, April, July and October.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS:

Oliver Correll, John G. Campbell, F. H. Wenderlich.
Board meets on the First Monday in January, April, July and October, at Prescott.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE:

Samuel E. Blair, George W. Barnard.

Business & Professional Cards.

J. P. HARGRAVE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW.
Montezuma street, Prescott, Arizona.

JOHN HOWARD,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW.
Prescott, Arizona.

A. E. DAVIS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW.
Mohave City, Arizona Territory.

F. P. HOWARD, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Wickenburg, Arizona.

Astlan Lodge No. 177, F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of this Lodge on the last Saturday of each month, at 7 o'clock P. M. Sojourning Brethren are fraternally invited to attend.
EDWIN DARLING, W. M.
JAMES E. MCCARTHY, Secretary.

Why is it

That the Prescott people wear better clothes, smoke better cigars, chew better tobacco, look handsomer and are happier than formerly? Ask Henderson & Co. my16.

Why is it

That Dry Goods are sold cheaper in Prescott than elsewhere this side of San Francisco? Enquire of HENDERSON & CO. my16.

FOR SALE—A FEW NO. 1 COWS.
Apply to A. G. DUNN, Jr.
Prescott, June 12, 1868.

J. GOLDWATER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Groceries and Provisions,
Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, etc.,
Cohu, LA PAZ, Arizona. feb16.

Why is it

That the Prescott Bars sell better Liquors than formerly? Ask HENDERSON & CO. my16.

Blank Mining and Quitclaim Deeds,
Special and General Powers-of-Attorney,
etc., for sale at the Miner Office.

KUSTEL & HOFMANN,

METALLURGISTS AND ASSAYERS.

Gold and Silver Bullion Assayed.

MINERAL ASSAYS AND ANALYSIS MADE.
611 Commercial Street, San Francisco.

SILVER AND GOLD ORES worked in small lots up to a hundred pounds, by Chlorination and other methods.
San Francisco, Cal., June 27, 1868. jy18m6

Goods well Bought, Sell Themselves.—D. HENDERSON, the senior partner of the firm, is constantly employed in San Francisco selecting and buying goods by which means we are enabled to take advantage of the fluctuations in prices, and purchase our goods at lower rates than any other House in Central Arizona.
my20 D. HENDERSON & Co.

Letter from Tucson.

(CORRESPONDENCE OF ARIZONA MINER.)

Tucson, Arizona, August 3, 1868.

Our paper, the *Arizona*, copies, with great gusto, notices of the election of Governor McCormick, from the San Francisco *Alta*, *Bulletin*, and Sacramento *Union*. These notices, though brief, are highly complimentary, and, no doubt, make our Delegate elect feel good. The great wonder to Arizonians is, how the California press can be so duped and unbugged. Why, the flattery contained in these notices almost equals what in days gone by appeared in the *Mixer*—the product of the fertile brain and flowing pen of the Governor, in self-glorification, when he owned and edited that sheet, the grand purpose of which seemed to be to "toss his own horn." His pen never tires in self-adulation, and, undoubtedly, in his own estimation, he is the Little Giant of the Pacific Slope, and he keeps the California press and "the rest of mankind" fully posted as to his remarkable exploits—personal, official and otherwise—in Arizona and Sonora. He will, no doubt, claim great credit for the reported acquisition of Sonora and Sinaloa, all of which is due to the energy, foresight and astuteness of the cunning McCormick (!) Seward, in the transaction, only "played second fiddle."

The *Alta* says he is an "original Republican." His originality consists in joining the Union League, at Prescott, during the war, and, because he could not run it in his own interest, trying to break it up. Failing in this, he was finally expelled therefrom. His "originality" consists, further, in appointing and keeping in office men who opposed the war during its prosecution, and whom his "Republican friends" were in the habit of calling secessionists. Still further, in his advocating in the *Mixer*, (which he then owned and edited,) "my policy," and opposing the Congressional plan of reconstruction. Still further, this "originality" is seen in his organizing a "People's party" and running upon their tickets, in the several counties in the late election. His Republicanism is truly original! It is something new and different from anything known or heard of before.

The *Bulletin* says: "Although the success of Governor McCormick is gratifying to his Republican friends, it is not claimed as a partisan triumph." This must mean his "Republican friends" outside of Arizona, for they are few and far between in this Territory. It is a notorious fact that this political acrobat could not get a nomination from the Republicans for any office in the Territory. His consciousness of the fact is seen in his efforts to prevent a Republican Convention being called, and his running on a mongrel "People's ticket." He has made a display of his political pyrotechnics too often, and there are too many witnesses of his ground and lofty tumbling in the political arena to command the least confidence in his political stability.

Both the *Alta* and *Bulletin* have been sadly imposed on. Just hear how they tickle the unbounded vanity of this "trooly" (as Nabby would say) "original Republican." Now, just listen at what the *Bulletin* says, ye men of Prescott: "The result was due to Governor McCormick, who has labored more assiduously and successfully for the best interests of Arizona than any other official. His intelligence and energy will enable him to promote its national welfare at Washington." Something very much like this has been read in the *Mixer* in days of yore.

Now comes the *Alta's* turn to speak. It says: "Governor McCormick has proved himself to be a useful, efficient and public-spirited executive officer. He will be a valuable reinforcement to the Pacific coast delegation in Congress." How does that sound in your ears up at Prescott, where you have known the Governor, as a neighbor, for the last five years, and when you only gave him thirty-five votes, out of about two hundred—cast at the late election for Delegate. You must be a lot of ingrates, up there. It was full time the capital was put on wheels, if you are incapable of a proper appreciation of the virtues and excellencies of the official and personal character of the Governor. Why the *Bulletin* and *Alta*, at San Francisco, see, at that great distance, things which you either don't see or are wilfully blind to is a mystery. What excuse have you incorrigible north of the Gila, and outside of Pima county—where you did not give him more than one-third of your votes—for not comprehending and appreciating the "intelligence and energy," the assiduous and successful labors for the best interests of Arizona, of the "useful, efficient, and public-spirited executive officer," found in our "original Republican" Governor and Delegate elect. You are arraigned at the bar of the *Alta* and *Bulletin*. Now, answer. I think I hear you say: Well, if we must out with the truth, here it is: First, Our "original Republican" Governor is a man of words instead of deeds. He spends too much ink and paper on proclamations. He is too brilliant an example of the truth of the old maxim, that "The empty vessel makes the most noise," and a flat contradiction of that other saying, "Still water runs deep." The *Alta* and *Bulletin* would have us believe that deep water makes as much noise as shallow water, which is a contradiction in terms and a violation of the laws of nature, as it seems to us. We are sorry to differ on so fundamental a point with the *Alta* and *Bulletin*—that is, we people north of the Gila and outside of Pima county. Four words, with the addition of a conjunction, express, fully, the official character and career of our "original Republican" Governor—meddle and muddle, bluster and blunder. After his proclamation, "I, Richard C. McCormick, an Governor of Arizona Territory," follows a hasty, ill-considered letter to the Secretary of War, which was published in the *Mixer* hot from his pen, before it

was mailed for the war office, belittling the number and power of the Apache. The subsequent and consequent quarrel with General McDowell, which assiduous labor was not for the best interests of Arizona. Most any other civil officer would not have meddled with the military affairs of the Territory. This attempt to run both the civil and military in Arizona, arose from a conscious ability, and was only one form of development of his great "energy and intelligence." Another form of the same development was found in the too successful attempt to run both the executive and legislative departments of the civil government of Arizona. To do this, with his usual "energy and intelligence," and to prove himself to be "a useful, efficient and public-spirited executive officer," he ignored the Organic Act of the Territory, 1st. In assuming to be a member of the Board of Territorial Auditors, in violation of a plain provision of the Organic Act, and auditing his own accounts as Secretary of the Territory and for the public printing. 2d. In assuming to appoint the members of the Legislature, when the same organic law says, in plain language not to be misunderstood by a school boy, that, after the first Legislature, "the apportioning of the representation shall be prescribed by law," thus, probably, rendering the two last legislatures, and the next, illegal, and all laws passed by them, null and of no effect,—taking the risk of reducing the civil affairs of the Territory to a state of "confusion confounded." All this for the purpose of retaining the form in the executive hands.

When this matter of the apportionment by the Governor was brought up by members of the Legislature, they were not allowed to meddle with it. It had already been meddled and muddled. They were told that everything would be legal, if Congress did not disapprove it!

The last official act of our "original Republican" Governor, that has been made public, shows his "official energy and intelligence." He issued a supplemental proclamation, setting forth that "it had been made known to him that there were vacancies in county offices to be filled," and he directs "said vacancies to be filled at said general election." The law requires the Governor, in his proclamation, to "designate the offices to be filled," for the information of the voters. But the Governor's "energy," if not his "intelligence," forced him to overlook and neglect this condition precedent to the holding a legal election for the various county offices. This "efficient" blunder of our "useful, efficient, and public-spirited Executive," leads to a muddle in which doubts arise as to the legality of the election of sundry county officers.

The circumstances connected with his signing the bill for the removal of the capital are too notorious to require recital, except the fact that he held the law four days for no other conceivable purpose than to give the representatives of the people north of the Gila a chance to outbid his former enemies south of that river, but they made the highest bid,—the Governor "went in," signed the bill, and is elected Delegate by our votes, not yours; we claim that honor.

Up to that time, the Governor had fewer friends south than north of the Gila. I write what I know. But for the removal of the capital Governor McCormick could never have been elected to Congress from Arizona, and he perfectly understood it. You people of Central Arizona are so stupid that you can't see the fitness and eminent qualifications of the Hon. R. C. McCormick for Delegate.

The facts above stated, and some others, embodied in a Report of a Committee of the last Legislature, which report, I am informed, has been scattered pretty thickly in the East, especially around Washington, ought to convince all but the most intensely stupid, that the *Alta* and *Bulletin* are right, and that our "original Republican" Governor "will make a most useful representative, and will be a valuable reinforcement to the Pacific Coast delegation in Congress!" CACTUS.

From a schedule of rates of freight and fare published in the Los Angeles *News*, we copy the following, which, by the terms of the contract, will be charged as soon as the road is completed. It strikes us that the figures are rather high:

From present anchorage at San Pedro to Los Angeles, at following rates:
Dry Goods, \$5.00 per ton,
Staves, 4.00 " "
Groceries, 5.00 " "
Lumber, 7.00 " M
All other merchandise, 5.00 " ton
Empty Pipes, 1.00 each,
Passengers from Anchorage to Los Angeles, 2.50 each,
Passengers from Los Angeles to Wilmington, 1.50 each.

As soon as lightering can be dispensed with, this tariff is to be reduced.

J. H. WORTH, who has edited the Los Angeles *Republican* during the past ten months, has vacated the chair editorial of the *Republican*, and turned over pens, ink and paper to Mr. Jesse P. Yarnell, its former editor. We are sorry to lose Mr. Worth, for, although he was and is an unsanctified Radical, he wrote well and always put in a good word for Arizona. We wish him success in whatever business he may undertake.

INDIANS.—On the 3d ult., Gen. Terry and Father DeSmet were at Fort Rice, urging peace upon the whole Sioux nation. The Indians say they don't care about peace, but want more ammunition.

PRICE OF COPPER.—The market price of ingot copper, in New York at latest overland dates, was from 23 to 24 cents. The market was easy with free arrivals from the lakes.

The National Republican Platform.

Below we print, for the accommodation of our Republican readers, the platform of principles upon which their party now stands. This platform was made by the Republican National Convention that assembled at Chicago, on the 20th day of May, 1868. We copy it from a Republican paper, and our Republican friends may rest assured that it is "according to copy."

First. We congratulate the country on the assured success of the reconstruction projects of Congress, as evinced by the adoption, in a majority of the States lately in rebellion, of constitutions securing equal civil and political rights to all, and regard it as the duty of the Government to sustain these institutions and to prevent the people of such States from being remitted to a state of anarchy.

Second. The guarantee of Congress of equal suffrage to all loyal men at the South was demanded by every consideration of public safety, of gratitude and of justice, and must be maintained, while the question of suffrage in all the loyal States properly belongs to the people of those States.

Third. We denounce all forms of repudiation as a national crime, and national honor requires the payment of the public indebtedness in the utmost good faith to all creditors, at home and abroad, not only according to the letter but the spirit of the laws under which it was contracted.

Fourth. The national debt, contracted as it has been for the preservation of the Union for all time to come, should be extended over a fair period for redemption, and it is the duty of Congress to reduce the rate of interest thereon whenever it can possibly be done.

Fifth. That the best policy to diminish our burden of debt is to so improve our credit that capitalists will seek to loan us money at lower rates of interest than we now pay, and must continue to pay so long as repudiation, partial or total, open or covert, is threatened or suspected.

Sixth. The Government of the United States should be administered with the strictest economy, and the corruptions which have been so shamefully nursed and fostered by Andrew Johnson call loudly for radical reform.

Seventh. We profoundly deplore the untimely and tragic death of Abraham Lincoln, and regret the accession of Andrew Johnson to the Presidency, who has acted treacherously to the people who elected him and the cause he was pledged to support; has usurped legislative and judicial functions; has refused to execute the laws; has used his high office to induce other officers to ignore and violate the laws; has employed his executive power to render insecure the prosperity, peace, liberty, and life of the citizens; has abused the pardoning power; has denounced the National Legislature as unconstitutional; has persistently and corruptly resisted, by every means in his power, every proper attempt at the reconstruction of the States lately in rebellion; has perverted the public patronage into an engine of wholesale corruption, and has been justly impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors, and properly pronounced guilty by the votes of thirty-five Senators.

Eighth. The doctrine of Great Britain and other European powers, that because a man is once a subject he is always so, must be resisted at every hazard by the United States, as a relic of the feudal times, not authorized by the law of nations, and at war with our national honor and independence. Naturalized citizens are entitled to be protected in all their rights of citizenship as though they were native born, and no citizen of the United States, native or naturalized, must be liable to arrest and imprisonment by any foreign power for acts done or words spoken in this country. And if so arrested and imprisoned, it is the duty of the Government to interfere in his behalf.

Ninth. Of all who were faithful in the trials of the late war there were none entitled to more especial honor than the brave soldiers and seamen who endured the hardships of campaign and cruise, and imperiled their lives in the service of the country. The bounties and pensions provided by law for these brave defenders of the nation are obligations never to be forgotten. The widows and orphans of the gallant dead are the wards of the people, a sacred legacy bequeathed to the nation's protecting care.

Tenth. Foreign emigration, which in the past has added so much to the wealth and development of the resources, and the increase of power of this nation, "the asylum of the oppressed of all nations," should be fostered and encouraged by a liberal and just policy.

Twelfth. This convention declares its sympathy with all the oppressed people who are struggling for their rights.

On motion of General Carl Schurz, the following additional resolutions were unanimously adopted as part of the platform:

Resolved, That we highly commend the spirit of magnanimity and forbearance with which the men who have served in the rebellion, but now frankly and honestly cooperate with us in restoring the peace of the country and reconstructing the Southern State governments upon the basis of impartial justice and equal rights, are received back into the communion of the loyal people; and we favor the removal of the disqualifications and restrictions imposed upon the late rebels in the same measure as their spirit of loyalty will direct, and as may be consistent with the safety of the loyal people.

Resolved, That we recognize the great principles laid down in the immortal Declaration of Independence as the true foundation of democratic government, and we hail with gladness every effort toward making these principles a living reality on every inch of American soil.

Mrs. August Belmont is the daughter of Commodore Perry.

The Fourteenth Amendment of the National Constitution.

Subjoined is the full text of the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which has been certified by the Secretary of State and by joint resolution of Congress, to have become a valid part of the organic law, having been ratified by three-fourths of all the States:

ARTICLE XIV., SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor to deny any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 1. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, including Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of Electors for President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall be to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or Elector of President or Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such a disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred in suppressing insurrection and rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations or claims shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

FELDSPAR, when nearly pure, stands fire better than any substance or combination of substances known. It should be taken from the ledge deep enough to get it solid, and then you can rely upon its resisting great heat. It will not be long before materials for furnaces will be needed here, and it might pay some of our prospectors to hunt up a ledge of it. Webster defines it as a "mineral occurring in crystals and crystalline masses, of white or flesh red color, occasionally bluish or greenish. It breaks easily in two directions, with smooth surfaces."

U. S. SENATOR JOHNNY CONNESS, of California, to show his love for the darkey family, has had one of them, a Mr. Harrison, appointed Clerk to the Senate Committee on Mines, (a committee that has nothing to do) at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars per year, tax-payers money. Wonder if Johnny could not find a poor crippled white soldier to do his writing for him? Johnny was formerly a loudmouthed Douglas Democrat, but he evidently don't care a straw for the precepts of the departed Statesman.

EXPLORATION OF THE UPPER COLORADO.—Professor Powell, of Illinois, is about to infringe upon Sam Adam's patent for exploring and navigating the waters of the Colorado. Hope the Professor will find easy sailing down the "grand canyon." The expedition is backed up by government, and will, no doubt, accomplish something.

GOLDICK'S *Rocky Mountain Herald*, which, by the way, is a neatly printed, slashing, dashing, crashing Denver weekly, says "smart and noisy newsboys could do well in that city." Well, then, why don't you make 'em smart and noisy?

PERSONAL.—A complimentary Ball was given to Hon. Antonio P. Coronel, Treasurer of the State of California, by the citizens of Los Angeles, at the Bella Union Hotel, on the 10th ult.

It is estimated that the wheat crop of California will, this year, exceed 20,000,000 bushels. Hurray for our side of the continent! Arizona will soon take a hand in the wheat-producing business.

The city of Los Angeles sold, recently, about \$6,000 worth of city lands. The *News* says it brought about \$3 an acre.